# North Central Michigan College



Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 Financial
Statements
and
Supplementary
Information



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# **Executive Officers and Board of Trustees**

#### **Executive Officers**

David Finley President

#### **Board of Trustees**

Phil Millard Chairperson

Dave Kring
Vice Chairperson

Irma Noël Secretary

John Fought Treasurer

Melissa Keiswetter Trustee

Dan Rasmussen Trustee

James Shirilla, M.D *Trustee*  MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Introduction

The North Central Michigan College (the "College") financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statements of Net Position which presents the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position of the College as of the end of the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years; the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, which reflects revenues and expenses recognized during the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years; and the Statements of Cash Flows, which provides information on all of the cash inflows and outflows for the College by major category during the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

In compliance with GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus," the North Central Michigan College Foundation (the "Foundation") is reported as a blended component unit of the College. Separately issued financial statements for the Foundation are also available by contacting the Foundation office.

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of North Central Michigan College for the year ended June 30, 2020. Management has prepared this discussion along with the financial statements, related note disclosures and the required supplemental pension and other postemployment benefits schedules. Following the basic financial statements, notes, and the required supplemental pension and other postemployment benefit schedules, are two supplementary information statements: the Combining Statement of Net Position and the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers and Changes in Net Position. Though GASB does not require this supplementary information be present for a fair and complete presentation, the statements do provide additional information regarding the various funds and activities of the College that is not detailed in the basic statements.

#### Financial Highlights

The College's financial position remained strong at June 30, 2020, with assets of \$54.5 million and liabilities of \$22.2 million. Of the liabilities, \$2.0 million are due within one year and \$20.2 million are due beyond one year. Of the amount due beyond one year, \$16.6 million relates to the net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities. These substantial liabilities are recorded because GASB requires the College to record its share of the unfunded Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System ("MPSERS") obligation/liability for employees. GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2018.

The College continues to face challenges posed by the uncertainty of state appropriations, decreasing student enrollments, and rising health care costs. These financial statements reflect College-wide departmental savings in an effort to balance the budget given the potential of further budget reductions.

#### The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

These two statements will help the reader answer the question, "Is North Central Michigan College as a whole, better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information on the College as a whole and on its activities in a way that helps answer this question. When revenues and other support exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses may be thought of as North Central Michigan College's operating results.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

These two statements report the College's net position and net position changes. One can think of net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities – as one way to measure the College's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position are one indicator of whether the College's financial health is improving or deteriorating. Many other non-financial factors, such as the trend in student applications, student retention, condition of the buildings, and strength of the faculty also need to be considered to assess the overall health of the College.

These statements include all assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **Net Position**

Total net position at June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 was \$32.7 million, \$32.8 million, and \$31.5 million, respectively. Following is a comparison of the major components of the net position of the College and operating results for years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

### Net Position as of June 30 (in millions)

	2020	2019	2018
Current assets	\$10.3	\$8.8	\$8.1
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	27.2	27.1	27.6
Other	17.0	18.4	17.2
Total noncurrent assets	44.2	45.5	44.8
Total assets	54.5	54.3	52.9
Deferred outflows of resources	4.6	4.9	3.1
Current liabilities	2.0	1.6	1.3
Noncurrent liabilities	20.2	21.1	21.3
Total liabilities	22.2	22.7	22.6
Deferred inflows of resources	4.2	3.7	1.9
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	23.5	24.4	24.9
Restricted-Nonexpendable	4.5	4.7	4.8
Restricted-Expendable	5.9	5.6	4.3
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1.2)	(1.9)	(2.5)
Total net position	\$32.7	\$32.8	\$31.5

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Operating Results for the Years Ended June 30 (in millions)

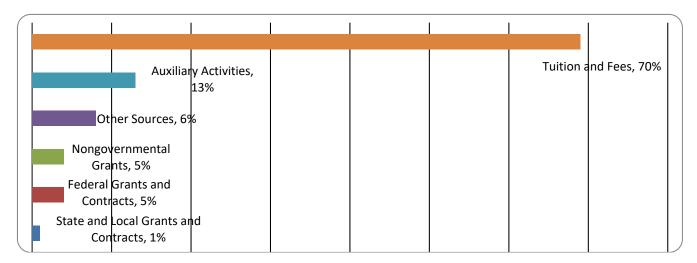
	2020	2019	2018
Operating Revenues			
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.9	\$ 4.6
Federal grants and contracts	0.2	0.2	0.2
State and local grants and contracts	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nongovernmental grants	0.2	0.3	0.4
Auxiliary activities, net	0.7	0.9	1.0
Other	0.4	0.5	0.6
Total operating revenues	5.3	5.9	6.9
Total operating expenses	18.9	19.0	19.8
Operating loss	(13.6)	(13.1)	(12.9)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
State appropriations	3.4	3.5	3.5
Property tax levy	6.2	6.0	5.8
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant	0.5	0.0	5.0
Pell grants	2.2	2.3	2.7
Investment income	0.3	0.3	0.1
Net realized and unrealized gain	0.0	0.5	0.1
on investments	0.2	0.2	-
Interest on capital related debt	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Donations & special events, Foundation	0.7	1.9	0.8
Net nonoperating revenues	13.4	14.1	12.7
Other Revenues			
Contributions to permanent endowments	0.1	0.3	0.3
Change in net position	(0.1)	1.3	0.1
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Net position, beginning of year	32.8	31.5	35.6
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	-	-	(4.2)
Net position, beginning of year,	32.8	31.5	31.4
Net position, end of year	\$32.7	\$32.8	\$31.5
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### **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues include charges for all exchange transactions such as tuition and fees, the commissions from the sales of books and supplies, rental revenue of the residence halls and revenue from the cafeteria & conference center. In addition, certain federal, state, and private grants are considered operating revenues, if they are not for capital purposes, and are considered a contract for services.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a graphic illustration of operating revenues by source for the year ended June 30, 2020:



Operating revenue changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following factor:

• Tuition and fees totaled \$3,701,503, a \$168,038 decrease in revenues from prior year primarily due to an approximate 9% decline in contact hours offset partially by an increase in tuition rates.

Operating revenue changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following factor:

• Tuition and fees totaled \$3,869,541, a \$770,005 decrease in revenues from 2018 primarily due to an approximate 10% decline in contact hours offset partially by an increase in tuition rates.

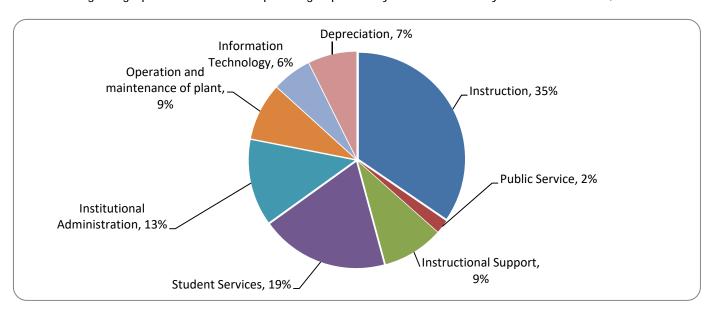
The College receives substantial nonoperating support from state appropriations, property tax revenue and Pell grants. Additionally, in fiscal year 2020, the College received \$533,558 from the Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant as part of the federal CARES Act funding as a result of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic. These nonoperating revenue sources mitigate the normal operating losses as tuition and fees alone are not adequate to cover operating expenses. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are an integral component in determining the increase or decrease in net position.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to provide services and conduct the programs of the College.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses by function for the year ended June 30, 2020:



Operating expenses decreased by 0.6% from prior year. Operating expense changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following factors:

- Salaries and fringes decreased by approximately 2.6% this fiscal year primarily because several open staff positions which were not filled during the year. Salaries and fringes totaled approximately \$11.4 million this fiscal year, representing 60.4% of total operating expenses.
- Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, most travel was eliminated during the last four months of the fiscal year. As a result, travel expenses were down approximately \$76,000 compared to the prior year, representing an approximate 43% decrease compared to the prior year.

Operating expense changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following factors:

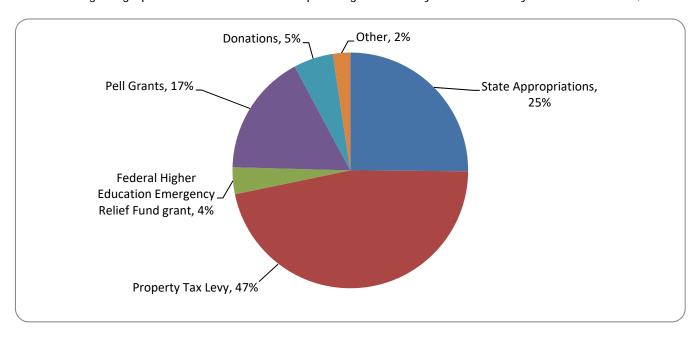
- Salaries and fringes decreased by approximately 1.7% this fiscal year primarily because several open staff positions which were not filled during the year. Salaries and fringes totaled approximately \$11.7 million this fiscal year, representing 61.3% of total operating expenses.
- The College's enrollment agreement with the Young Americans group gradually came to an end and was final beginning with the Fall 2019 semester. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the amount the College paid to Young Americans, Inc. as part of this agreement decreased by approximately \$196,000.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Net Nonoperating Revenues**

Net nonoperating revenues represent all revenue sources that are primarily non-exchange in nature less interest on capital asset-related debt. They consist primarily of state appropriations, property tax revenue, Pell grants, Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant and investment income (including realized and unrealized gains and losses).

The following is a graphic illustration of net nonoperating revenues by source for the year ended June 30, 2020:



Net nonoperating revenue changes for fiscal year 2020 were the result of the following factors:

- State appropriations decreased by \$184,400 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to budgeted amounts provided by the State. A portion of the final fiscal year monthly allocation was replaced by Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) amounts. These CRF amounts are recorded in the fiscal 2020-21 revenues.
- Property tax levy revenue increased by \$209,349 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in property tax values.
- Pell grants decreased by \$107,493 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in enrollment.
- Donations received by the Foundation decreased by \$1,109,742 compared to the prior year, primarily due to pledges for the Foundation's Building Tomorrow Together fundraising campaign.
   Substantially more pledges were made in the prior fiscal year as the campaign kicked off. This campaign's goal is to raise funds for the College's proposed main classroom building renovation.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Net nonoperating revenue changes for fiscal year 2019 were the result of the following factors:

- State appropriations increased by \$45,539 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to budgeted amounts provided by the State.
- Property tax levy revenue increased by \$192,421 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in property tax values.
- Pell grants decreased by \$321,898 as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in enrollment.
- Donations received by the Foundation increased by \$1,286,669 compared to the prior year, primarily due to pledges for the Foundation's Building Tomorrow Together fundraising campaign. This campaign's goal is to raise funds for the College's proposed main classroom building renovation.

#### Other Revenues

Other revenues consist of items that are typically nonrecurring, extraordinary, or unusual to the College. Other revenues of \$89,519 resulted from additions to permanent endowments for the promotion of the College's educational and cultural activities. This amount is from the Foundation's receipt of these types of contributions from donors and investment earnings thereon in the current year. Additionally, there were other revenues of \$46,370 as a result of capital gifts.

#### Statements of Cash Flows

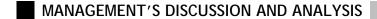
The primary purpose of this statement is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The Statements of Cash Flows also may help users assess:

- An entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- Its needs for external financing

#### Cash Flows for the Years Ended June 30 (in millions)

	2020	2019	2018
Cash Provided by (used for):			
Operating activities	\$ (11.8)	\$ (11.4)	\$ (11.9)
Noncapital financing activities	13.7	13.1	12.5
Capital and related financing activities	(1.9)	(1.3)	(2.1)
Investing activities	0.9	0.2	(0.3)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	0.9	0.6	(1.8)
Cash-Beginning of Year	11.1	10.5	12.3
Cash-End of Year	\$ 12.0	\$ 11.1	\$ 10.5

Net cash used for operating activities totaled \$11.8 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. This was financed by \$13.7 million of net cash flows from non-capital financing activities such as property taxes and state appropriations. Net cash used in capital and related financing activities totaled \$1.9 million. This includes \$1.4 million of capital asset purchases, and \$0.5 million of debt principal and interest payments. Net cash provided by investing activities totaled \$0.9 million. This includes interest received of \$0.3 million, the sale and maturities of investments totaling \$6.4 million, and the purchase of investments of \$5.8 million. The net result of all cash flows produced an increase in the College's cash of \$0.9 million from last year.



### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2020, the College had approximately \$27.2 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$22.4 million. Depreciation charges totaled approximately \$1.4 million for the current fiscal year.

Capital assets consist of the following as of June 30:

	2020	2019		20 2		2018
Land	\$ 13,306	\$	13,306	\$ 13,306		
Construction in progress	1,879,079		620,837	193,617		
Sculptures	522,609		522,609	522,609		
Capital assets not being depreciated or						
amortized	2,414,994		1,156,752	729,532		
Buildings and improvements	38,169,310		38,154,890	38,130,885		
Infrastructure	2,996,637		2,981,687	2,990,362		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,465,400		4,399,833	4,131,040		
Library Materials	510,273		582,805	737,077		
Software	975,250		975,250	915,434		
Capital assets being depreciated	47,116,870		47,094,465	46,904,798		
Total capital assets	49,531,864		48,251,217	47,634,330		
Less accumulated depreciation	22,351,585		21,122,610	19,986,344		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 27,180,279	\$	27,128,607	\$ 27,647,986		

The approximate cost of major capital additions this year consist of the following:

Solar panel project	\$ 32,000
Pediatric simulator	31,000
Residence Hall smoke detectors	22,000

Construction in progress of \$1,879,079 consists mainly of costs incurred by June 30, 2020 for the Administration/Classroom building renovation.

More detailed information about the College's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Debt

The College had \$3,750,000 in bond debt outstanding at June 30, 2020. Debt principal repayments of \$325,000 were made on this debt during the year. More detailed information about the College's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Economic Factors That Will Affect The Future**

The economic position of the College is always impacted by the actions of the State of Michigan. Over the past few years the College has had to adjust to lower State funding to maintain a balanced budget. Economic factors that will affect the future of the College include:

1. Currently, State of Michigan appropriations are 25% of the total general fund revenue. However, the impact of COVID-19 resulted in a 5% reduction in the 2019-20 appropriation.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

- 2. State appropriation deliberations for 2020-21 are expected to result in overall funding restored to 2019-20 levels with no tuition restraint language. This does, however, appear to signal that meaningful annual increases in State appropriations may no longer be the norm.
- 3. Property tax revenue for the upcoming fiscal year will account for approximately 39% of General Fund revenues. Taxable property values in Emmet County continue to increase year over year with a 4% increase occurring between 2019 and 2020. Local and state economies have rebounded significantly in the last few years fueling increases in residential property values. The outlook remains strong for property tax revenue increases in the future.
- 4. At the February 25, 2020 meeting, the Board of Trustees approved a 3.2% increase in tuition rates beginning with the summer semester of 2020. The Board of Trustees considers multiple factors when considering any tuition increase including the financial impact on students and their families, as well as the rising cost of services offered by the College.
- 5. Based on the demographics of the area, recruiting and retaining new traditional-aged students over the next decade will be challenging for the College:
  - a. Area high school senior classes are expected to continue to decline over the next decade resulting in a shrinking pool of dual enrollment and early college applicants.
  - b. Competition among area community colleges and four-year institutions have intensified as they complete for fewer students.
  - c. The uncertain economic outlook caused by the pandemic of 2020 has caused many recent high school graduates to postpone college.

Offsetting these challenging trends are the recently announced State of Michigan Futures for Frontliners program and the pending MI Reconnect program which pays tuition for learners 25 years of age and older. In addition, increased remote work resulting from COVID-19 office closures, civil unrest in major cities, and increased digital fiber access in Northern Michigan has resulted in younger families with children choosing to move to the area.

Nonetheless, the College will need to innovate and create new, exciting and relevant programs to be able to compete for students in the future. In addition, the College will need to continue to expand student recruitment efforts beyond the district.

6. On July 24, 2017 the Governor of Michigan signed into law Public Act 107 of 2017, a fiscal year 2017 appropriations act that authorized the College to begin planning for the renovation of the main classroom building on campus. The project was approved through the Michigan Capital Outlay program and, through that program, the State of Michigan matches 46% (\$3.4 million) of the \$7.4 million project cost. Construction is progressing and the project is expected to be completed in April 2021. The North Central Michigan College Foundation is conducting a fundraising campaign to raise \$4.0 million to cover the remaining cost of the renovation.

#### Contacting the College's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the College's finances and to demonstrate the College's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the business office, North Central Michigan College, 1515 Howard Street, Petoskey, Michigan 49770.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



#### Rehmann Robson

107 S Cass St, Ste A Traverse City, MI 49684 Ph: 231.946.3230 Fx: 231.946.3955 rehmann.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 22, 2020

Board of Trustees North Central Michigan College Petoskey, Michigan

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of *North Central Michigan College* (the "College") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of *North Central Michigan College* as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and cash flows, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") plans and the related notes to the schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The supplementary combining information identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the financial statements and accordingly we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated October 22, 2020 on our consideration of North Central Michigan College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering North Central Michigan College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# **Statements of Net Position**

	June 30			
		2020		2019
Assets				
Current assets	\$	0 542 424	ċ	4 9E4 070
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	Ş	8,563,136 169,912	\$	6,854,979 240,172
Federal and state grants receivable		596,356		792,745
Bequest receivable		153,011		198,400
Pledges receivable		384,167		387,167
Inventories		14,310		7,695
Prepaids and other current assets		390,762		346,575
Total current assets		10,271,654		8,827,733
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash		3,401,830		4,204,910
Investments		12,827,901		13,271,441
Pledges receivable, net of current portion		792,307		872,718
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net		2,414,994		1,156,752 25,971,855
Total noncurrent assets		24,765,285 <b>44,202,317</b>		45,477,676
Total assets		<u>54,473,971</u>		54,305,409
Deferred outflows of resources		427 204		444 225
Deferred charge on refunding		127,201		141,335
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts		4,493,894		4,827,486
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,621,095	-	4,968,821
Liabilities				
Current liabilities		742.0(/		27/ 007
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities		742,066 509,368		376,097 529,151
Unearned revenue		333,996		350,326
Due to depositors		53,195		32,258
Interest payable		13,738		15,785
Current portion of long-term obligations		357,000		338,000
Total current liabilities		2,009,363		1,641,617
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		16,600,934		17,173,762
Long-term obligations, net of current portion		3,564,972		3,892,831
Total noncurrent liabilities		20,165,906		21,066,593
Total liabilities		22,175,269		22,708,210
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts		4,185,438	-	3,746,898
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		23,540,806		24,387,149
Restricted for:		4 5 40 452		4 (0/ 120
Nonexpendable endowments Expendable scholarships and grants		4,549,152 3,452,106		4,686,128 3,231,702
Expendable scholarships and grants  Expendable construction and debt service		2,396,556		2,366,007
Unrestricted (deficit) (Note 7)		(1,204,261)		(1,851,864)
Total net position		32,734,359		32,819,122
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# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30		
	2020	2019	
Operating revenues  Tuition and fees	\$ 6,584,013	¢ 4 909 444	
Scholarship allowance	\$ 6,584,013 (2,882,510)	\$ 6,808,616 (2,939,075)	
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net tuition and fees	3,701,503	3,869,541	
Federal grants and contracts	238,216	230,779	
State and local grants and contracts	77,812	98,913	
Nongovernmental grants	233,091	295,092	
Auxiliary activities, net of scholarship allowance of \$69,439 (\$101,015 for 2019)	703,794	820,564	
Other operating revenues	314,698	536,378	
, ·			
Total operating revenues	5,269,114	5,851,267	
Operating expenses			
Instruction	6,524,345	6,469,406	
Public service	382,692	457,365	
Instructional support Student services	1,743,706	1,854,580 3,580,061	
Institutional administration	3,641,278 2,460,473	2,444,081	
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,631,465	1,722,690	
Information technology	1,119,505	1,090,151	
Depreciation	1,387,994	1,393,403	
Total operating expenses	18,891,458	19,011,737	
Operating loss	(13,622,344)	(13,160,470)	
	(13,022,311)	(13,100,170)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2 255 072	2 520 472	
State appropriations Property tax levy	3,355,073 6,231,052	3,539,473	
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant	533,558	6,021,703	
Pell grants	2,236,554	2,344,047	
Investment income, net	263,443	349,712	
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	161,865	125,998	
Net loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(18,716)	
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(106,792)	(118, 164)	
Donations Special events	726,939	1,836,681	
Special events		33,809	
Net nonoperating revenues	13,401,692	14,114,543	
Other revenues			
Capital gifts	46,370	-	
Contributions to permanent endowments	89,519	334,528	
Total other revenues	135,889	334,528	
(Decrease) increase in net position	(84,763)	1,288,601	
Net position, beginning of year	32,819,122	31,530,521	
Net position, end of year	\$ 32,734,359	\$ 32,819,122	

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Year Ended June 30		
Cash flavor forms an author a attivities	2020	2019	
Cash flows from operating activities  Tuition and fees	\$ 3,715,865	\$ 4,005,921	
Grants and other contracts	452,302	662,642	
Auxiliary enterprise receipts	703,794	820,564	
Payments to employees	(6,991,088)	(7,182,133)	
Payments to suppliers	(9,981,288)	(10,289,578)	
Other receipts	314,698	536,378	
Net cash used in operating activities	(11,785,717)	(11,446,206)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
State appropriations	3,705,859	3,529,987	
Local property taxes	6,231,052	6,021,531	
Pell grants	2,236,554	2,344,047	
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant	533,558	4 205 754	
Federal direct lending receipts	1,041,868	1,205,654	
Federal direct lending disbursements Reductions to permanent endowments	(1,041,868) (120,574)	(1,205,654) (34,537)	
Donations and special events	1,089,752	1,284,177	
Other	16,141	1,204,177	
	,		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	13,692,342	13,145,205	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Purchase of capital assets	(1,393,295)	(892,739)	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(325,000)	(315,000)	
Capital property taxes		172	
Interest paid on capital asset-related debt	(151,780)	(119,376)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,870,075)	(1,326,943)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	6,426,569	4,358,617	
Interest received on investments	263,443	263,632	
Purchase of investments	(5,821,485)	(4,419,112)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	868,527	203,137	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	905,077	575,193	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	11,059,889	10,484,696	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,964,966	\$ 11,059,889	
Reconciliation to Statements of Net Position			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,563,136	\$ 6,854,979	
Restricted cash	3,401,830	4,204,910	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,964,966	\$ 11,059,889	

continued...

# Statements of Cash Flows (Concluded)

	Year Ended June 30		
	2020	2019	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:  Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in	\$ (13,622,344)	\$ (13,160,470)	
operating activities: Depreciation Provision for uncollectible accounts Change in operating assets and liabilities which provided	1,387,994 36,400	1,393,403 86,400	
(used) cash: Receivables Federal and state grants receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses and other current assets Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Unearned revenue	67,335 (154,397) (6,615) (44,187) 365,969 (19,783) (16,330)	2,155 (45,085) 68,640	
Due to depositors Change in net pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred amounts  Net cash used in operating activities	20,937 199,304	(22,136) 78,308 \$ (11,446,206) concluded	

### **Noncash Transactions**

In fiscal 2020, the College received various donated capital assets from donors with a total value of \$46,370.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

**North Central Michigan College** (the "College") is a community college offering courses at its Petoskey, Michigan campus and other locations in northwest lower Michigan. The College is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees elected at large by Emmet County voters.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the College. Based on application of the criteria, the College has determined that North Central Michigan College Foundation (the "Foundation") meets the criteria of a component unit.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt not-for-profit organization that was formed for the purpose of receiving funds for the sole benefit of the College. The Foundation is blended into the College's financial statements because the College is the sole member of the Foundation. The criteria established by the Financial Account Standards Board ("FASB") for the Foundation financial statement presentation has been modified to conform with the GASB presentation for inclusion in the College's financial statements. Separately issued financial statements for the Foundation are available by contacting the Foundation at 1515 Howard Street, Petoskey, Michigan 49770.

The condensed financial information for the Foundation as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, is as follows:

	2020	2019
Condensed statements of net position Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 10,671,844 -	\$ 10,618,605 (13,952)
Total net position	\$10,671,844	\$10,604,653
	2020	2019
Condensed statements of revenues, expenses		
and changes in net position		
Operating expenses		
Institutional administration	\$ 746,858	\$ 834,197
Nonoperating and other revenues		
Donations	838,101	1,932,052
Special events	-	33,809
Contributions to permanent endowments	89,519	334,528
Investment income, net of fees	112,924	211,142
Distributions to College	(226,495)	(220,845)
Increase in net position	67,191	1,456,489
Net position - beginning of year	10,604,653	9,148,164
Net position - end of year	\$10,671,844	\$10,604,653

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

	2020	2019
Condensed statements of cash flows  Net cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities	\$ 184,923	\$ 413,572
Noncapital financing activities	-	10,000
Investing activities	 968,451	(262,523)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,153,374	161,049
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	622,062	461,013
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,775,436	\$ 622,062

#### **Risks and Economic Uncertainties**

The outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19), which the World Health Organization declared in March 2020 to be a pandemic, continues to spread throughout the United States of America and the globe. Due to the pandemic Michigan's Governor issued temporary Executive Orders that, among other stipulations, effectively prohibit certain in-person activities while requiring numerous safety measures and protocols to be met in order to resume in person learning, having the effect of suspending or severely curtailing certain operations including on-campus learning during the Winter 2020 semester. The extent of the ultimate impact of the pandemic on the College's operational and financial performance will depend on various developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and its impact on funders, students, employees, and vendors, all of which cannot be reasonably predicted at this time. As a result, the College secured funding in the amount of \$835,428 obtained through the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), which was enacted into law on March 28, 2020. The College additionally recognized a reduction in state appropriations revenue in fiscal 2020 of approximately \$380,000 as a result of the State of Michigan 11% cut in appropriations. Subsequent to year end, these funds were replaced through CARES Act replacement funding, however, the replacement funding has certain restrictions for what the funds can be used for. Additionally, the College transitioned its in-person instruction to an online format and suspended on-site operations in March 2020. The facilities were reopened in June 2020 and in-person instruction resumed in September 2020. While management reasonably expects the COVID-19 outbreak to negatively impact the College's financial condition, operating results, and timing and amounts of cash flows, the related financial consequences and duration are highly uncertain.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The College's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB, including Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities and the State of Michigan Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting - Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001. The College follows all applicable GASB pronouncements and the "business-type activities" reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 35, which provides a comprehensive one-line look at the College's financial activities.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **Significant Accounting Policies**

Significant accounting policies followed by the College and Foundation are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader:

#### **Accrual Basis**

The financial statements of the College have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred and certain measurement and matching criteria are met.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include but are not limited to the accounts receivable allowance for bad debts, the assumptions used to estimate accrued employee benefits payable, the estimate of the insurance claims incurred but not reported, and the assumptions based on historical trends and industry standards used in the actuarial valuations of the MPSERS pension and OPEB plans.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, cash on hand, money market accounts, and all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

#### **Restricted Cash**

Restricted cash for capital improvements consists of unspent capital property taxes, as well as cash for capital master plan projects.

#### Receivables

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances at year end. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense when necessary and an adjustment to an allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the allowance.

#### Investments

The College and Foundation carry their investments at fair value, which is determined generally by using quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts such sales or transfers based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (level 3).

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

A description of each category in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.

Level 2: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all-significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

For a further discussion of fair value measurement, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

#### Gifts and Pledges

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recorded when received. Conditional promises to give - that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return - are not recognized until the conditions upon which they depend have been met. Non-cash gifts are recorded at estimated fair value when received. Unconditional pledges due within one year are recorded at amount pledged and unconditional pledges due after one year are recorded at their net present value when it is determined that the collection of the gift is probable. Pledges receivable consist of pledges for the Building Tomorrow Together campaign and for providing nursing scholarships. They have been discounted at a 5.25% annual rate of interest, the current prime interest rate. The unamortized discount on these promises to give is \$53,026 and \$117,615 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The bequest receivable balance of \$153,011 at June 30, 2020 is expected to be collected within one year.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories consists of food service supplies.

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if acquired by gift, at the estimated acquisition cost as of the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are provided for capital assets on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The College's capitalization policy is to capitalize individual amounts of \$5,000 or more. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

Buildings/building improvements 40 years
Library materials 10 years
Infrastructure 15-20 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3-20 years
Software 3-10 years

#### **Accrued Compensated Absences**

Accrued compensated absences represents the accumulated liability to be paid under the College's current sick and personal day policy. Under the College's policy, employees earn sick and personal time based on years of service with the College. Accrued compensated absences are included in the long-term obligations amount on the statements of net position.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue from state appropriations are recognized in accordance with the accounting method described in the *Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting - Michigan Public Community Colleges*, 2001. Student tuition and related revenues and expenses of an academic semester are allocated to the fiscal year in which the program is conducted. Property tax revenue is recognized in the year in which taxes are received (see Note 2).

Operating revenues of the College consist of tuition and fees, certain grants and contracts, and sales and services of educational activities. Transactions related to capital and financing activities, noncapital financing activities, investing activities, state appropriations, property taxes, Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund ("HEERF") grant revenue, and Federal Pell grants are components of nonoperating and other revenues. Generally, the College first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Revenues received prior to year end that are related to the next fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenues. Unearned revenue relates primarily to student tuition and fees for the summer semester, student deposits and deposits of diverted Michigan income tax withholding from employers contracting with the College under the Michigan New Jobs Training Program to be used for future employee trainings.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The College reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB-related amounts, such as differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date, as well as for the deferred loss on refunding. A deferred refunding loss results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. More detailed information can be found in Notes 6 and 8.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB-related amounts, such as the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and state appropriations for pensions received subsequent to the measurement date, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. More detailed information can be found in Note 8.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Liabilities

For the purpose of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, their respective deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, their respective expenses, and the following information regarding the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System ("MPSERS"), including additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS.

MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Unemployment Insurance**

The College reimburses the State of Michigan Unemployment Agency (the "Agency") for the actual amount of unemployment benefits disbursed by the Agency on behalf of the College. Billings received for amounts paid by the Agency through June 30 are accrued.

#### **Internal Services Activities**

In the process of aggregating data for the Statements of Net Position and Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, some amounts reported as internal activity and balances have been eliminated on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Foundation is a not-for-profit organization exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from similar state and local taxes. Although the Foundation was granted income tax exemption by the Internal Revenue Service, such exemption does not apply to "unrelated business taxable income." The Foundation has been classified as not a private foundation.

The Foundation considers whether it has engaged in activities that jeopardize its current tax-exempt status with the Internal Revenue Service. Furthermore, the Foundation determines whether it has any unrelated business income, which may be subject to federal and state income taxes.

The Foundation has evaluated years 2016 through 2020, the years which remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions as of June 30, 2020, for uncertain tax positions. The Foundation concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the Foundation's financial statements. The Foundation does not expect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits ("UTB") (e.g. tax deductions, exclusions, or credits claimed or expected to be claimed) to significantly change in the next twelve months. The Foundation does not have any amounts accrued for interest and penalties related to UTBs at June 30, 2020, and it is not aware of any claims for such amounts by federal or state income tax authorities.

#### Reclassification

Certain amounts as reported in the 2019 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2020 presentation.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Subsequent Events**

In preparing these financial statements, the College and Foundation have evaluated, for potential recognition or disclosure, significant events or transactions that occurred during the period subsequent to June 30, 2020, the most recent statement of net position presented herein, through October 22, 2020, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. No significant such events or transactions were identified by the Foundation.

#### 2. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenue is recognized in the year in which taxes are received. The College has determined that there would not be a significant difference if recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied, as required by GASB.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, 2.0728 mills and 2.0867 mills, respectively, mills of tax per \$1,000 of taxable property value in the College's taxing district were levied for general operating purposes on all property. Total operating property tax revenue was \$6,231,052 and \$6,021,703 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### 3. CASH, INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

### **Bank Deposits and Investments**

State of Michigan ("State") statutes authorize the College to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper of corporations located in this state rated prime by at least one of the standard rating services.

The investment policy of the North Central Michigan College Foundation established by the Foundation's Board of Directors authorizes investments in a diversified portfolio of equities, fixed income securities and short-term fixed income instruments (i.e. securities with maturities under three years). The overall investment objective is to maximize growth while generating sufficient income and maintaining adequate cash reserves to meet stated distribution requirements as established from time to time by the Foundation Board. Mutually agreed upon allocation parameters among these types of investments are established at least annually with the Foundation's investment advisor. Short sales; put and call option strategies; margin purchases; commodities (futures); securities of the Investment Manager's corporation or parent corporation; direct investments in tangible assets such as real estate, oil and gas, precious metals, in excess of 5 percent of the total portfolio; and derivatives as a yield enhancement not as a hedge are prohibited unless specific written permission is received from the Foundation Board.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As of June 30, 2020, the College and Foundation had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Market Value	Less Than One Year	1-3 Years	More Than 3 Years
U.S. Agencies	\$ 4,645,385	\$ 805,278	\$ 1,768,860	\$ 2,071,247
U.S. Treasuries	615,591	-	615,591	-
Mutual bond funds	2,556,436		163,899	2,392,537
Total investments in debt securities	7,817,412	\$ 805,278	\$ 2,548,350	\$ 4,463,784
Mutual equity funds	5,010,489	,		
Total investments	\$12,827,901	:		

As of June 30, 2019, the College and Foundation had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Market Value	Less Than One Year	1-3 Years	More Than 3 Years
U.S. Agencies U.S. Treasuries Mutual bond funds Corporate bonds	\$ 994,540 3,741,567 2,688,711 50,734	\$ 598,327 948,670 25,399 24,950	\$ 396,213 1,299,978 184,261 25,784	\$ - 1,492,919 2,479,051 -
Total investments in debt securities	7,475,552	\$ 1,597,346	\$ 1,906,236	\$ 3,971,970
Mutual equity funds	5,795,889	_		
Total investments	\$13,271,441	=		

The College does not have specific investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Foundation investment policy states that the average weighted value of the portfolio should not exceed ten years.

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the average weighted value of the portfolio in fixed income securities does not exceed ten years. The Foundation invests in mutual equity funds with a long-term objective to preserve principal and provide appreciation. Therefore, the interest rate risk is not considered in its decisions.

The maturities of certain mutual bond funds are based on the average weighted maturity method. Certain other mutual bond funds have no weighted average maturity statistics because they are heavily invested in preferred stocks. These mutual bond funds are therefore classified as having a maturity of more than three years.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Credit Risk**

The College and Foundation are exposed to credit risk for investments in certain debt securities and mutual bond funds. Credit quality ratings are established by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). Where more than one rating exists, and those ratings are conflicting, the rating with the greatest degree of risk is disclosed.

As of June 30, 2020, the credit quality ratings for these types of investments and credit risk exposure as a percent of these types of investments are as follows:

	Credit Quality Rating	Percent	
U.S. Agencies	Aaa	65	
Mutual bond funds	Not Rated	35	

As of June 30, 2019, the credit quality ratings for these types of investments and credit risk exposure as a percent of these types of investments are as follows:

	Credit Quality Rating	Percent		
U.S. Agencies	Aaa	27		
Mutual bond funds	Not Rated	71		
Corporate bonds	Α	1		
Corporate bonds	AA	1		

#### **Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's and Foundation's deposits may not be returned to them. The College and Foundation do not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2020, the bank balance was \$12,018,705 of which \$9,751,149 was uninsured and uncollateralized. At June 30, 2019, the bank balance was \$10,808,363 of which \$9,910,494 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk of Investments**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that the College or Foundation will not be able to recover the value of their investments that are in the possession of an outside party, should a failure of that party occur. State law does not require, nor do the College and Foundation investment policies address custodial credit risk. However, all of the investments are in the name of the College or Foundation, as applicable, and the investments are held in trust accounts with each financial institution from which they were purchased.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Concentration Credit Risk**

Neither the College nor Foundation places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Five percent or more of the College's and Foundation's investments at June 30, 2020 and 2019 were invested as follows:

	2020	2019
	•••	
Fannie Mae	20%	5%
SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust	<b>9</b> %	8%
Ishares Core S&P 500 ETF	6%	<b>7</b> %
U.S. Treasury Notes	5%	28%
MFC Ishares IBOXX Investment Grade		
Corp Bond Fund	5%	0%
Goldman Sachs ABS Return Alternative		
Strategies Fund	0%	5%

#### Fair Value Measurements

The following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2020 or 2019.

Mutual funds: Shares held in mutual funds are valued at quoted market prices that represent the net asset value ("NAV") of shares held by the Foundation at year end and are classified as Level 1. The NAV is based on the value of the underlying assets owned by the fund, minus its liabilities then divided by the number of shares outstanding.

Corporate bonds: Corporate bonds and debentures valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the security is traded are classified as Level 1.

*U.S. government obligations*: U.S. government obligation fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded and are classified as Level 1.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the College and Foundation believe their valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the College's and Foundation's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

	Assets at Fair Value									
2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total						
U.S. government obligations	\$ 5,260,976	\$ -	\$ -	+ -,=,						
Mutual bond funds Mutual equity funds	2,556,436 5,010,489		<u> </u>	2,556,436 5,010,489						
Total investments at fair value	\$12,827,901	\$ -	\$ -	\$12,827,901						

	Assets at Fair Value								
2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
U.S. government obligations	. , ,	\$ -	\$ -	ÿ 1,730,107					
Corporate bonds Mutual bond funds	50,734 2,688,711	-	-	50,734 2,688,711					
Mutual equity funds	5,795,889	-	-	5,795,889					
Total investments at fair value	\$13,271,441	\$ -	\$ -	\$13,271,441					

# 4. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables, net consist of the following at June 30:

	2020	2019
Auxiliary activities Corporate and community education Student Other	\$ 5,001 2,644 231,794 25,094	\$ 10,899 68,380 193,717 22,123
<b>Total</b> Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 264,533 94,621	 295,119 54,947
Receivables, net	\$ 169,912	\$ 240,172

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 13,306	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,306
Construction in progress	620,837	1,262,016	-	(3,774)	1,879,079
Sculptures	522,609		-	-	522,609
Subtotal nondepreciable assets	1,156,752	1,262,016		(3,774)	2,414,994
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	38,154,890	14,420	-	-	38,169,310
Infrastructure	2,981,687	14,950	-	-	2,996,637
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	4,399,833	141,382	(79,589)	3,774	4,465,400
Library materials	582,805	6,897	(79,429)	-	510,273
Software	975,250				975,250
Subtotal depreciable assets	47,094,465	177,649	(159,018)	3,774	47,116,870
Total depreciable and					
nondepreciable assets	48,251,217	1,439,665	(159,018)	-	49,531,864
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	15,155,494	923,331	-	-	16,078,825
Infrastructure	2,545,095	89,720	-	-	2,634,815
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	2,462,568	250,897	(79,589)	-	2,633,877
Library materials	413,831	46,716	(79,429)	-	381,118
Software	545,622	77,330		-	622,950
Total accumulated depreciation	21,122,610	\$ 1,387,994	\$ (159,018)	\$ -	22,351,585
Capital assets, net	\$ 27,128,607				\$ 27,180,279

Construction in progress consists of construction costs for the administration/classroom building renovation. The project is expected to be completed and put into service during the fiscal year 2021 at an additional cost of approximately \$4,100,000.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements Transfers		Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 13,306	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,306
Construction in progress	193,617	446,153	-	(18,933)	620,837
Sculptures	522,609	-	-	-	522,609
Subtotal nondepreciable assets	729,532	446,153		(18,933)	1,156,752
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	38,130,885	30,067	(24,995)	18,933	38,154,890
Infrastructure	2,990,362	9,025	(17,700)	-	2,981,687
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	4,131,040	305,480	(36,687)	-	4,399,833
Library materials	737,077	8,006	(162,278)	-	582,805
Software	915,434	94,008	(34,192)		975,250
Subtotal depreciable assets	46,904,798	446,586	(275,852)	18,933	47,094,465
Total depreciable and					
nondepreciable assets	47,634,330	892,739	(275,852)		48,251,217
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	14,241,648	928,149	(14,303)	-	15,155,494
Infrastructure	2,473,665	89,130	(17,700)	-	2,545,095
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	2,238,699	260,553	(36,685)	-	2,462,568
Library materials	522,200	53,909	(162,278)	-	413,831
Software	510,132	61,662	(26,170)		545,622
Total accumulated depreciation	19,986,344	\$ 1,393,403	\$ (257,136)	\$ -	21,122,610
Capital assets, net	\$ 27,647,986				\$ 27,128,607

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$1,387,994 and \$1,393,403, respectively.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the College entered into an agreement with the State of Michigan as part of the Capital Outlay program offered by the Michigan State Building Authority (MSBA). The State appropriated approximately \$5,200,000 toward the construction of the College's Health Education and Science Center. The appropriations were funded by the issuance of bonds financed by the MSBA. The MSBA bond issue is secured by a pledge of rentals to be received from the State of Michigan pursuant to a lease agreement among the MSBA, the State of Michigan and the College. During the lease term, which is not to exceed 40 years, the MSBA will hold title to the building, the State of Michigan will make all lease payments to the MSBA and the College will pay all operating and maintenance costs. These lease payments are made out of the State of Michigan general operating budget. The cost and accumulated depreciation for the building is included in the College's capital assets as the College will obtain title to the building at the end of the lease. No corresponding obligations have been recorded since there are no payments due by the College under this lease agreement. At the expiration of the lease, which is when bonds are paid off, the MSBA has agreed to convey the title to the College for one dollar.

#### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	dditions Reductions		Current Portion
Bonds payable Series 2010	\$ 285,000	\$ -	\$ (285,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2017	3,790,000	-	(40,000)	3,750,000	340,000
Other long-term obligations Accrued employee benefits					
payable	155,831	41,447	(25,306)	171,972	17,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 4,230,831	\$ 41,447	\$ (350,306)	\$ 3,921,972	\$ 357,000

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Baland July 2018	١,	Additions Reductions		Balance June 30, 2019		Current Portion		
Bonds payable Series 2010 Series 2017	•	0,000 0,000	\$	-	\$ (275,000) (40,000)	\$	285,000 3,790,000	\$	285,000 40,000
Other long-term obligations Accrued employee benefits payable	ŕ	,831		18,699	(18,699)		155,831		13,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 4,545	<u>′                                    </u>	\$	18,699	\$ (333,699)	\$	4,230,831	\$	338,000

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Bond Defeasance**

In November 2017, the College issued \$3,830,000 of Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 with an interest rate of 2.198 percent, which, in conjunction with a debt service fund contribution, were used to refund \$3,590,000 of outstanding Building and Site and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010. The net proceeds of \$3,785,203 (after payment of \$44,797 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs), plus an additional \$38,000 of prior debt retirement fund monies, were used to purchase U.S. treasury securities which were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the original bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the College's long-term obligations. At June 30, 2020 no amounts remain in escrow and the defeased bonds have been paid in full. At June 30, 2019, \$3,590,000 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

#### College Building and Site and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 and 2010

At June 30, 2020, general obligation bonds totaling \$3,750,000 were outstanding with an interest rate of 2.198 percent. Principal payments are due annually in May with payments for the upcoming year of \$340,000. Interest payments are due semiannually in May and November ranging from approximately \$4,500 to \$41,000. These bonds are insured and mature in 2030. The Series 2010 general obligation bonds were paid in full during fiscal year 2020.

Future debt service requirements on bonds payable for years ending after June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Debt Obligations		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 340,000	\$ 82,425	\$ 422,425
2022	345,000	74,952	419,952
2023	355,000	67,369	422,369
2024	365,000	59,566	424,566
2025	370,000	51,543	421,543
2026-2030	1,975,000	131,990	2,106,990
Totals	\$3,750,000	\$ 467,845	\$4,217,845

Interest expense was \$106,792 and \$118,164 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### 7. NET POSITION CLASSIFICATIONS

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

This represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, unspent bond proceeds and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

Nonexpendable - This represents the portion of net position whose use by the College and Foundation is subject to externally imposed constraints that require the amounts be retained in perpetuity.

Expendable - This represents the portion of net position whose use by the College and Foundation is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the College and Foundation pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)**

This represents the portion of net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Trustees.

The College's and Foundation's unrestricted net position (deficit) consists of the following at June 30:

	2020	2019
Designated for specific purpose: Future capital outlay and		
major maintenance	\$ 3,674,983	\$ 3,565,880
Auxiliary activities	163,231	179,442
Equipment purchases, sabbaticals		
and other programs	6,348,689	5,583,999
	10,186,903	9,329,321
Pension and OPEB liability fund deficit	(16,292,478)	(16,093,174)
Undesignated, College	1,931,208	1,923,066
Undesignated, Foundation	2,970,106	2,988,923
	(11,391,164)	(11,181,185)
Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (1,204,261)	\$ (1,851,864)

#### 8. RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or "MPSERS") is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution (DC) plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the DC plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

#### **Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2018 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020, which excludes supplemental MPSERS UAAL employer stabilization contributions that are passed through the College to MPSERS based on rates ranging from 12.21% - 12.41% on prior year covered payroll:

mber Rates Employer Rates
18.25% - 19.41%
00% - 7.00% 18.25% - 19.41%
00% - 6.40% 16.46%
6.20% 19.59%
0.00% 13.39%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$1,058,148, \$1,092,564 and \$1,289,708 for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	7.93% - 8.09%
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	7.93% - 0.09%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were \$274,801, \$280,071 and \$286,745 for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

For the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, required and actual contributions from the College for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$19,520, \$25,344 and \$18,066, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the College reported a liability of \$13,765,010 and \$13,740,626, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the College's proportion was 0.04157%, which was a decrease of 0.00414% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018 of 0.04571%.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,626,604. At June 30, 2020, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2020	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 61,699	\$ 57,399	
Changes in assumptions  Net difference between projected and actua	2,695,199 l	-	2,695,199
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and	-	441,145	(441,145)
proportionate share of contributions	14,476	1,510,535	(1,496,059)
	2,771,374	2,009,079	762,295
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award	903,809	-	903,809
subsequent to the measurement date	-	448,480	(448,480)
-	903,809	448,480	455,329
Total	\$3,675,183	\$2,457,559	\$1,217,624

The \$903,809 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. The \$448,480 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to Sec 147c of the State School Aid Act (PA 94 of 1979), will be recognized as State appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount			
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$	355,165 219,082 122,170 65,878		
Total	\$	762,295		

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,478,846. At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2019	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	\$ 63,759	\$ 99,851	\$ (36,092)
Changes in assumptions	3,182,318	-	3,182,318
Net difference between projected and actua	l		, ,
earnings on pension plan investments	-	939,510	(939,510)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	77,516	987,069	(909,553)
	3,323,593	2,026,430	1,297,163
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	933,600	-	933,600
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award			
subsequent to the measurement date		489,886	(489,886)
	933,600	489,886	443,714
Total	\$4,257,193	\$2,516,316	\$1,740,877

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the College reported a liability of \$2,835,924 and \$3,433,136 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability, respectively. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the College's proportion was 0.03951%, which was a decrease of 0.00368% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018 of 0.04319%.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the College recognized OPEB income of \$86,041. At June 30, 2020, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2020	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$ 1,040,581	\$ (1,040,581)
Changes in assumptions		614,487	-	614,487
Net difference between projected and actua	ıl			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	49,318	(49,318)
Changes in proportion and differences betwee employer contributions and proportionate	een			
share of contributions		924	637,980	(637,056)
		615,411	1,727,879	(1,112,468)
College contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		203,300		203,300
Total	\$	818,711	\$1,727,879	\$ (909,168)

The \$203,300 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2021	\$	(290,603)
2022		(290,603)
2023		(266, 164)
2024		(188,339)
2025		(76,759)
Total	\$ (	(1,112,468)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$68,076. At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2019	0	Deferred utflows of desources	Ir	eferred oflows of esources	(Ir	t Deferred Outflows oflows) of esources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	638,995	\$	(638,995)
Changes in assumptions		363,571		-	·	363,571
Net difference between projected and actua	l					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		131,944		(131,944)
Changes in proportion and differences between	en					
employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		1,297		459,643		(458,346)
		364,868		1,230,582		(865,714)
College contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		205,425		-		205,425
Total	\$	570,293	\$1	,230,582	\$	(660,289)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations (for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively) were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation	2.75%
Investment rate of return	
MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)	6.80% (7.05% for 2017)
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.80% (7.00% for 2017)
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.95% (7.15% for 2017)
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend	7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12
	(7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.0% Year 12 for 2017)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Mortality

2018 - RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were used for both males and females.

2017 - RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were used for both males and females.

Other OPEB assumptions: Opt out assumptions

21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to optout of the retiree health plan.

Survivor coverage

80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's

death

Coverage election at retirement

75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liability as of September 30, 2019, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4977 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 5.7101 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.5304 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized in the following tables:

2019 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools Private equity pools International equity pools Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools Short-term investment pools Inflation Risk adjustment	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00% 2.00%	5.50% 8.60% 7.30% 1.20% 4.20% 5.40% 0.08%	1.54% 1.55% 1.17% 0.13% 0.42% 0.84% 0.00% 5.65% 2.30% -1.15%
Investment rate of return			6.80%
2018 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected  Money- Weighted  Rate of  Return
	_	Expected Real Rate of	Money- Weighted Rate of

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

2019

#### Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized in the following tables:

Expected

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.00%	5.50%	1.54%
Private equity pools	18.00%	8.60%	1.55%
International equity	16.00%	7.30%	1.17%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	1.20%	0.13%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.20%	0.42%
Absolute return pools	15.50%	5.40%	0.84%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.08%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.65%
Inflation			2.30%
Risk adjustment			-1.00%
Investment rate of return			6.95%
2018		Long-term	Expected Money-
Assot Class	Target	Expected Real Rate of	Weighted Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected	Weighted
Asset Class  Domestic equity pools		Expected Real Rate of	Weighted Rate of
	Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return	Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00% 15.50%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90% 5.20%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39% 0.81%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00% 15.50%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90% 5.20%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39% 0.81%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00% 15.50% 2.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90% 5.20%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39% 0.81% 0.00%
Domestic equity pools Alternative investment pools International equity Fixed income pools Real estate and infrastructure pools Absolute return pools Short-term investment pools	28.00% 18.00% 16.00% 10.50% 10.00% 15.50% 2.00%	Expected Real Rate of Return  5.70% 9.20% 7.20% 0.50% 3.90% 5.20%	Weighted Rate of Return  1.60% 1.66% 1.15% 0.05% 0.39% 0.81% 0.00%  5.66%

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.14% and 5.37%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 11.11% and 10.75%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% (7.05% for 2019) was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan (7.0% for 2019), 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% (7.15% for 2019) was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (7.05% for 2019) (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan (7.0% for 2019), 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95% (7.15% for 2019), respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

# Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2020:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(5.80% /	Rate (6.80%	(7.80% /
5.80% /	/ 6.80% /	7.80% /
5.00%)	6.00%)	7.00%)

College's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$17,895,394 \$13,765,010 \$10,340,780

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2019:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(6.05% /	Rate (7.05%	(8.05% /
6.00% /	/ 7.00% /	8.00% /
5.00%)	6.00%)	7.00%)

College's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$18,040,381 \$13,740,626 \$10,168,229

# Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2020:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(5.95%)	Rate (6.95%)	(7.95%)

College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 3,478,687 \$ 2,835,924 \$ 2,296,182

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2019:

	1% Decrease (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,121,409	\$ 3,433,136	\$ 2,854,213

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2020:

	Current Healthcare	
1% Decrease	Cost Trend	1% Increase
(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)

College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 2,273,299 \$ 2,835,924 \$ 3,478,611

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2019:

	Current	
	Healthcare	
1% Decrease	Cost Trend	1% Increase
(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)

College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 2,823,716 \$ 3,433,136 \$ 4,132,264

#### Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the College reported a payable of \$81,542 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2019, the College reported a payable of \$89,070 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the College did not have any outstanding amounts related to its OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

Effective January 1, 2000, existing professional MPSERS members and new professional employees of the College may elect to participate in an Optional Retirement Program (ORP) in lieu of participating in the MPSERS plan. The ORP is a defined contribution plan affiliated with the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA). As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the plan had 45 and 44 participants, respectively. Under ORP, the College contributes 11.0 percent and the participant contributes 4.0 percent of the participant's compensation. Participants are immediately 100 percent vested in all ORP contributions. Total contributions by the College were \$417,023 and \$396,698 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Total contributions by employees were \$151,646 and \$144,255 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), and medical benefits provided to employees. The College participates in the Michigan Community College Risk Management Authority (MCCRMA) risk pool for claims relating to auto, property, and liability. The College is insured for workers' compensation benefits through School Employers Trust and School Employers Group (SET SEG). Settled claims of both MCCRMA and SET SEG have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The MCCRMA risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to MCCRMA, which MCCRMA uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the College.

The College also purchases commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance.

#### **Self-Insurance**

The College became self-insured for unemployment compensation and health benefits for eligible administrative staff as of January 1, 2017. The College estimates the liability for self-insured claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. The estimated liability for unemployment compensation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was insignificant. The estimated liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 for health benefits is as follows:

		efits		
		2020		2019
Unpaid claims - beginning of year	\$	120,000	\$	66,000
Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Less - claim payments		568,000 608,000		834,000 780,000
Unpaid claims - end of year	\$	80,000	\$	120,000

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The College receives significant financial assistance from State and Federal agencies in the form of grants and awards. The use of these funds generally requires compliance with grantor terms and conditions and is subject to audit by the grantor agency.

Disallowed expenditures resulting from grantor audits could become a liability of the College, however, management believes that any future disallowances, if any, would not have a material effect on the College's financial statements.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MPSERS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN

# Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

#### Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30											
		2020	2019		2018	018 2017		2016			2015	
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,765,010	\$	13,740,626	\$	12,740,104	\$	12,855,123	\$	12,487,412	\$	11,006,813
College's proportion of the net pension liability		0.04157%		0.04571%		0.04916%		0.05153%		0.05113%		0.04997%
College's covered payroll	\$	3,451,326	\$	3,673,644	\$	4,051,511	\$	4,254,349	\$	4,720,050	\$	4,317,801
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		398.83%		374.03%		314.45%		302.16%		264.56%		254.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.31%		62.36%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%

# Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

#### Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30										
	2020		2019 2018		2017		2016			2015	
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,058,148	\$	1,092,564	\$	1,289,708	\$	1,155,318	\$	1,152,041	\$	956,347
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(1,058,148)		(1,092,564)		(1,289,708)		(1,155,318)		(1,152,041)		(956,347)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
College's covered payroll	\$ 3,344,640	\$	3,533,055	\$	3,870,695	\$	4,096,466	\$	4,054,090	\$	4,840,737
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	31.64%		30.92%		33.32%		28.20%		28.42%		19.76%

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

#### Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

	Year Ended June 30,							
		2020		2019		2018		
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,835,924	\$	3,433,136	\$	4,364,577		
College's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.03951%		0.04319%		0.04929%		
College's covered payroll	\$	3,451,326	\$	3,673,644	\$	4,051,511		
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		82.17%		93.45%		107.73%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		48.46%		42.95%		36.39%		

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

### Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,							
	2020 2019			2018				
Statutorily required contribution	\$	274,801	\$	280,071	\$	286,745		
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(274,801)		(280,071)		(286,745)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_		
College's covered payroll	\$	3,344,640	\$	3,533,055	\$	3,870,695		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.22%		7.93%		7.41%		

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Pension Information**

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

#### **OPEB Information**

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited) (with comparative totals for 2019)

	General Fund	Pension and OPEB Fund	Designated Fund	Auxiliary Activities Fund	Restricted Fund	Plant Fund	Agency Fund	College Total June 30, 2020	Foundation	Combined Total June 30, 2020	Combined Total June 30, 2019
Assets	i unu	rana	i unu	i unu	runu	i unu	Tunu	ounc 50, 2020	1 Juliani	Julie 30, 2020	ounc 30, 2017
Current assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,149,684	\$ -	\$ 13,949	\$ 28,978	\$ -	\$ 3,541,589	\$ 53,500	\$ 6,787,700	\$ 1,775,436	\$ 8,563,136	\$ 6,854,979
Receivables, net	68,993	81,542	-	5,001	-	14,376	-	169,912	- 1,773,130	169,912	240,172
Federal and state grants receivable	364,544	01,342	_	3,001	231,812	17,370	-	596,356	_	596,356	792,745
Bequest receivable	304,344	-	-	-	231,012	-	-	370,330	153,011	153,011	198,400
Pledges receivable	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	384,167	384,167	387,167
Inventories	-	-	-	14,310	-	-	-	14,310	304,107	14,310	7,695
Prepaids and other current assets	390,762	•	-	14,310	-	-	-	390,762	-		•
·	•	-	1 251 502	122 207	(102 022)	- (440, 493)	(20E)	390,762	-	390,762	346,575
Due from (to) other funds	(754,179)		1,254,583	132,207	(182,823)	(449,483)	(305)				
Total current assets	3,219,804	81,542	1,268,532	180,496	48,989	3,106,482	53,195	7,959,040	2,312,614	10,271,654	8,827,733
Noncurrent assets											
Restricted cash	_	_	_	_	439,709	2,962,121	-	3,401,830	_	3,401,830	4,204,910
Investments	_	-	5,260,978	_	137,707	2,702,121	-	5,260,978	7,566,923	12,827,901	13,271,441
Pledges receivable, net of current portion	_	_	3,200,770	_	_	_	-	5,200,770	792,307	792,307	872,718
Capital assets not being depreciated	_	_	_	_	_	2,414,994	-	2,414,994	772,307	2,414,994	1,156,752
Capital assets being depreciated, net	_	_	_	_	_	24,765,285	_	24,765,285	_	24,765,285	25,971,855
Total noncurrent assets	-		5,260,978	-	439,709	30,142,400	-	35,843,087	8,359,230	44,202,317	45,477,676
Total assets	3,219,804	81,542	6,529,510	180,496	488,698	33,248,882	53,195	43,802,127	10,671,844	54,473,971	54,305,409
Deferred outflows of resources											
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	-	-	127,201	-	127,201	-	127,201	141,335
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts		4,493,894						4,493,894		4,493,894	4,827,486
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,493,894				127,201		4,621,095		4,621,095	4,968,821
Liabilities											
Current liabilities											
Accounts payable	644,125	81,542	-	684	15,715	-	-	742,066	-	742,066	376,097
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	506,808	-	-	2,560	-	-	-	509,368	-	509,368	529,151
Unearned revenue	137,663	-	8,849	14,021	173,463	-	-	333,996	-	333,996	350,326
Due to depositors	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,195	53,195	-	53,195	32,258
Interest payable	-	-	-	-	-	13,738	-	13,738	-	13,738	15,785
Current portion of long-term obligations		<u>-</u>	17,000		<u> </u>	340,000		357,000		357,000	338,000
Total current liabilities	1,288,596	81,542	25,849	17,265	189,178	353,738	53,195	2,009,363		2,009,363	1,641,617
Noncurrent liabilities											
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		16,600,934						16,600,934		16,600,934	17,173,762
•	•	10,000,934	- 154,972	-	-	3,410,000	-		-		
Long-term obligations, net of current portion		· <del></del>			·		·	3,564,972		3,564,972	3,892,831
Total noncurrent liabilities		16,600,934	154,972		·	3,410,000	· <del>-</del>	20,165,906		20,165,906	21,066,593
Total liabilities	1,288,596	16,682,476	180,821	17,265	189,178	3,763,738	53,195	22,175,269		22,175,269	22,708,210
Deferred inflows of resources											
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts		4,185,438						4,185,438		4,185,438	3,746,898
Net position (deficit)											
Net investment in capital assets	_	_	_	_	-	23,540,806	-	23,540,806	_	23,540,806	24,387,149
Restricted for:	-	-	-	-	-	£3,340,000	-	43,3 <del>4</del> 0,000	-	43,J <del>4</del> 0,000	۲۶,307,147
Nonexpendable endowments									4,549,152	4,549,152	1 404 120
•	-	-	-	-	200 520	-	-	200 520			4,686,128
Expendable scholarships and grants	-	-	-	-	299,520		-	299,520	3,152,586	3,452,106	3,231,702
Expendable construction and debt service	-	-	-	-	-	2,396,556	-	2,396,556	-	2,396,556	2,366,007
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,931,208	(16,292,478)	6,348,689	163,231		3,674,983	-	(4,174,367)	2,970,106	(1,204,261)	(1,851,864)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 1,931,208	\$ (16,292,478)	\$ 6,348,689	\$ 163,231	\$ 299,520	\$ 29,612,345	\$ -	\$ 22,062,515	\$ 10,671,844	\$ 32,734,359	\$ 32,819,122

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited) (with comparative totals for 2019)

	General Fund	Pension and OPEB Fund	Designated Fund	Auxiliary Activities Fund	Restricted Fund	Plant Fund	College Total June 30, 2020	Foundation	Eliminations	Combined Total June 30, 2020	Combined Total June 30, 2019
Operating revenues											
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship											
allowance of \$2,882,510	\$ 5,949,435	\$ -	\$ 634,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,584,013	\$ -	\$ (2,882,510)	\$ 3,701,503	\$ 3,869,541
Federal grants and contracts	-	· <u>-</u>	·	· <u>-</u>	238,216	· -	238,216	· -	-	238,216	230,779
State and local grants and contracts	-	-	-	-	77,812	-	77,812	-	-	77,812	98,913
Nongovernmental grants	-	-	-	-	422,445	-	422,445	-	(189,354)	233,091	295,092
Auxiliary activities	-	-	-	773,219	, -	-	773,219	-	(69,425)	703,794	820,564
Other operating revenues	223,405	-	51,063	-	79,901	28,423	382,792	-	(68,094)	314,698	536,378
Total operating revenues	6,172,840	-	685,641	773,219	818,374	28,423	8,478,497	-	(3,209,383)	5,269,114	5,851,267
Operating expenses											
Instruction	6,579,045	(118,858)	79,501	-	2,910	-	6,542,598	-	(18,253)	6,524,345	6,469,406
Public service	199,377	(3,314)	16,445	170,035	149	-	382,692	-	-	382,692	457,365
Instructional support	1,552,353	(29,054)	51,613	-	175,826	-	1,750,738	-	(7,032)	1,743,706	1,854,580
Student services	2,383,090	(35,258)	65,364	779,950	3,314,141	-	6,507,287	-	(2,866,009)	3,641,278	3,580,061
Institutional administration	2,033,532	(34,536)	102,170	· -	41,700	-	2,142,866	746,858	(429,251)	2,460,473	2,444,081
Operations and maintenance of plant	1,563,987	(16,271)	34,231	_	22,451	27,067	1,631,465	, -	-	1,631,465	1,722,690
Information technology	603,920	(11,885)	527,470	_	, -	· -	1,119,505	-	-	1,119,505	1,090,151
Depreciation						1,387,994	1,387,994			1,387,994	1,393,403
Total operating expenses	14,915,304	(249,176)	876,794	949,985	3,557,177	1,415,061	21,465,145	746,858	(3,320,545)	18,891,458	19,011,737
Operating (loss) income	(8,742,464)	249,176	(191,153)	(176,766)	(2,738,803)	(1,386,638)	(12,986,648)	(746,858)	111,162	(13,622,344)	(13,160,470)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)											
State appropriations	3,803,553	(448,480)	-	-	-	-	3,355,073	-	-	3,355,073	3,539,473
Property tax levy	6,231,052	-	-	-	-	-	6,231,052	-	-	6,231,052	6,021,703
Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund grant	-	-	-	_	533,558	-	533,558	-	-	533,558	-
Pell grants	_	-	_	_	2,236,554	-	2,236,554	-	-	2,236,554	2,344,047
Investment income, net	2,430	-	71,997	_	_,,	76,092	150,519	112,924	_	263,443	349,712
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	-,	-	161,865	_	-	-	161,865	-	_	161,865	125,998
Net loss on disposal of capital assets	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	(18,716)
Interest on capital asset-related debt	_	-	_	_	-	(106,792)	(106,792)	_	-	(106,792)	(118,164)
Donations	_	-	_	_	-	(100,772)	(100,772)	838,101	(111,162)	726,939	1,836,681
Special events	-	-	_	-	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	(111,102)	-	33,809
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	10,037,035	(448,480)	233,862		2,770,112	(30,700)	12,561,829	951,025	(111,162)	13,401,692	14,114,543
	10,037,033	(110, 100)	233,002		2,770,112	(30,700)	12,301,027	751,025	(111,102)	13, 101,072	
Other revenues											
Capital gifts	-	-	-	-	-	46,370	46,370	-	-	46,370	-
Contributions to permanent endowments								89,519		89,519	334,528
Total other revenues			-			46,370	46,370	89,519		135,889	334,528
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	1,294,571	(199,304)	42,709	(176,766)	31,309	(1,370,968)	(378,449)	293,686	-	(84,763)	1,288,601
Transfers in (out)	(1,286,429)		721,981	160,555	(33,889)	664,277	226,495	(226,495)			
Increase (decrease) in net position	8,142	(199,304)	764,690	(16,211)	(2,580)	(706,691)	(151,954)	67,191	-	(84,763)	1,288,601
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	1,923,066	(16,093,174)	5,583,999	179,442	302,100	30,319,036	22,214,469	10,604,653		32,819,122	31,530,521
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,931,208	\$ (16,292,478)	\$ 6,348,689	\$ 163,231	\$ 299,520	\$ 29,612,345	\$ 22,062,515	\$ 10,671,844	\$ -	\$ 32,734,359	\$ 32,819,122